DOI: 10.18843/ijms/v5i4(7)/03

DOIURL: http://dx.doi.org/10.18843/ijms/v5i4(7)/03

Examining Total Quality Management in Educational Settings

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ABSTRACT

The foundation to this paper is the broad changes in education, which have brought 'quality' pointedly into prominence. Despite the fact that the quality has been given impressive consideration in industry/trade, In Education quality is still in developing phase as an idea. This paper offers an elaboration helping those with an enthusiasm for the administration of value frameworks and the assessment of educational projects, and finishes up by examining the improvement of a quality framework for the brought together advanced education area. The paper also tries to break down contemplations of the cutting edge management worldview Total Quality Management"(TQM), and its implementation in the field of Education. There is still no agreement on how best to gauge and oversee quality inside advanced education organization's, notwithstanding numerous methodologies and models have been embraced, on the grounds that quality is reliant process and the accomplishment of any procedure is subject to how others are functioning admirably, it's more powerful to pass judgment on quality through a deliberate evaluation. Accurately oversee and actualizing the TOM ideas and pointers is one of such measures, which will go far in revolutionizing the Educational part. In this way, through this examination the paper expects to feature this new reasoning, this new approach considered TQM that causes instructive organizations to ace changes and build up their own thoughts in order to have the capacity to confront the new outer weights of competition.

Keywords: TQM, Quality.

INTRODUCTION:

Quality has been the objective of an interminable through the passageways of mankind's history. It has been the main impetus for every single human undertaking. Quality is the motivation for transcendence from the ordinary to the higher domains of life. Quality lies in the perception of the consumer. What is "good" for one may not be good enough for another. Crosby (1979) defines quality as "conformance to requirement" while Deming (1986) defines quality as "a predictable degree of uniformity and dependability at low cost and suited to the market". According to Juran (1988) it is "fitness for use" while quality according to Sallis (1997) is usually considered in two ways: Procedural concept and Transformational concept of quality. Numerous associations found that the old meaning of Quality, "the level of conformance to a standard", was excessively restricted. Therefore, they utilized another meaning of Quality with respect to the customer "client centric". Quality can be expressed as meeting the consumer's expectations consistently or a pathway to Excellence. It is accounted for that numerous organizations had at first focused every one of their endeavors on enhancing inward procedures with almost no respect for the connections between those procedures and the association's definitive clients. To ensure that items and services conform to the standards that they have been intended for, a pledge to quality all through the organization is required. This way to deal with the management of value all through the organization has advanced into TQM. Total Quality Management has been portrayed as an ideology of Management and a means that has directed numerous associations towards accomplishing Excellence in business. TQM makes a culture of trust, interest,

collaboration, quality-mindedness, energy for consistent change, ceaseless learning and in the long run, a culture that contributes towards an association's prosperity and presence.

Total Quality Management approach centers on the quality and fittingness of the procedures that are done in the organization for creating and conveying the products or services to the client agreeable to them or as per their desire. Total Quality Management is item process, individuals and client introduction. TQM identifies with ISO 9000, quality honors, strengthening, preparing, rivalry, client benefit, development and more. The collaboration among quality and cooperation can lift an organization to a higher plane of intensity in terms of growth and competition. TOM is not a 'convenient solution' instead a ceaseless change program all through the entire organization. It strives on Continuous improvement. The client is the focal point of the TQM procedure. The TQM culture characterizes, measures and deals with the arrangement of execution that made the issue. TOM sets up the ability to oversee proactively the persistent change procedure to avert surrenders. A TQM framework includes subjects extending from corporate rationality to arrangements, strategies, and representative inspiration, provider administration, client relations, bookkeeping, item procedures, deals and Education. TQM is crucial to the future accomplishment of an organization. TOM enhances the nature of administration as well as of the whole instructive establishment. TOM approach in education includes accomplishing high caliber as well as affecting all portions of the instructive procedure: association, administration, relational relations, material and HR, and so on. Applying the methodology depicted above quality ends up Total (necessary). The presentation of aggregate quality administration requires various changes in educational establishments. The primary changes need to happen in the demeanors and exercises of the administration, in the association and observing of the instructive procedure, in the assessment of its outcomes, in the way of life of correspondence, in the school climate, and particularly in the region of relational relations. The aggregate quality administration demonstrates incorporates the accompanying: process arranging, process administration, consistent change, overall contribution and spotlight on the client. Total quality Management is a proficient administration procedure that requires the full contribution of all workers on every single authoritative level, in this manner speaking to the hierarchical culture. TQM remains for a lifestyle of the association, which presents steady change of business on all levels and exercises, making the suitable condition through cooperative work, trust and regard. It approaches the procedures in an orderly, predictable and sorted out way and applies add up to quality administration systems. The TQM hypothesis offered by W. Edwards Deming to better the administration of modern units can likewise be connected to the instructive procedure on condition that it be perceived and embraced to what is particular to training. TQM in education involves continuous improvement educational settings. The requirement for everybody experiences quality in advanced education engaged with it, it is a national and global caution signal. Contrasts among present day and conventional instructive frameworks are obvious in various instructive objectives, showing methodologies and jobs of all members in the instructive procedure. Proficiency and quality are the key parameters that decide the socio financial significance of the field of instruction. Quality administration is a piece of management for accomplishing quality objectives through arranging, observing, guaranteeing and enhancing quality. In present day conditions, quality administration turns into a business work and additionally some other capacity, including individuals all things considered and from every one of the branches of the association. The formation of a culture of value is a basic condition for executing the standards of TQM in any instructive organization. In the instruction field the way toward educating/learning must be viewed as the basic mission of the organization, one that must be persistently moved forward. While Implementing TQM in academic content, System, Infrastructure, Management Style, Leadership style, processes, Vision, Rewards, and Recognition all should be taken into consideration. Every component has a capacity that must not be precluded. There is a vast fluctuation of substance starting with one foundation then onto the next, starting with one nation then onto the next that is the reason it is important for the hypothesis of administration in training to settle the manner by which such disparate substance ought to be managed. To enhance Educational quality, a fundamental factor of financial and social improvement in the 21st century, it is vital to decrease the colossal measure of information understudies guessed ace, concentrating to an arrangement of essential learning, on innovativeness, critical thinking and deep rooted learning.

LITERATURE REVIEW:

Suzana *et al.* (2009) concludes that to improve education quality, an important issue of economic and social development within the twenty first century, it's crucial to scale back the massive quantity of information students area unit purported to master, focusing their attention to a system of basic information, on power, problem-solving and womb-to-tomb learning.

Pourrajab et al. (2011) states that the productive application of either by adapting to the Deming model of TQM or Crosby model of TQM in colleges in all probability rests upon sure criteria relevant to the intention or the

training outcomes of the curriculum, no matter the chosen model, TQM within the education sector ought to initial and foremost fulfill the principles of TOM. It most additionally relates to the teacher's coaching programs.

The Researchers researched on six parameters starting from Physical Condition, Content of education and training, Career Support Mehmet and Mehmet (2014) in their article discusses on quality practices in higher education, correlation analysis of the parameters to determine the impact on the quality of the institution stating impact of physical condition factor is associate more to activities and social space is higher education.

Iftikhaar and Hakim (2014) proposes that to make implementation of TQM successful Management and Academic Staff should be well chartered and Infrastructure of the educational institute should be as per standards. All the Institutions whether Private or Government should adopt TQM. TQM shall be wholly applied across all levels of the institutions and there must be appointment of autonomous bodies to inspect and ensure that TQM practices are followed.

Suleman and Gul (2015) suggests that absence of proper Infrastructure is one of the major challenges faced by the public secondary school. Also, Community plays a motivating role in raising and contributing to the institutional progress and is taken into account as an influential and causative issue area for achieving of the preset academic objectives. Lack of resources, irregular curriculum, lack of motivated staff also played a key role in challenging the school. The aim was to analyze the roadblocks faced by public schools in adopting TQM in Kohtat District, Pakistan.

Sunderlal (2018) concludes by saying that TQM beliefs support the scholars, academics additionally to the staff for superb performance. Being a prospective paradigm one can get benefit of TQM in educational establishments each public yet as non-public. TQM will assist school or college furnishing increased services to its main customers, students and employers. The nonstop improvement spotlight of TQM may be a basic way of satisfying the responsibility prerequisites universal to instructional improvement. In all domains, notably education quality may be a vital matter. TQM as a major element of all times encompasses a straight authority on the human development. Application of TQM in education can lead to increased outcomes altogether fields of the course of education as a high-quality technique of management utilized and established giving outstanding results in different industries as well as business organizations.

Abdus and Thiyagarajan (2015) in their article discuss the impact of TQM on the quality in education and the influence it can have on the overall academic. They further discuss TQM as a significant strategy involving stakeholders and rendering the best in teaching and other activities in the academic environment. TQM practices bring educational institutions a step closer to the Quality standards and even beyond.

Abu Saleh *et al.* (2016) analyzed TQM compatibility with Education and major challenges implementing TQM in Educational Institute. The Article states that it is essential to create a quality culture and it is smarter to pick those technique and tools that are in sync with the educational institutions.

Sarrico *et al.* (2010) states that quality may have many interpretations in teaching and this diversity has major impact on formation of procedures and instruments to measure quality; and this selection can also produce totally different stakeholders for the upper education institutions.

Sudarat *et al.* (2015) designed an information system (TQMIS) based on SDLC for a model school and assessed the suitability of the same. The TQMIS was found to be a beneficial for Schools adopting this tool. The schools should have quality infrastructure in terms of Internet connectivity and other facilities as a pre-requisite.

Robert and Robert (1998) highlights that TQM can have a great impact on the educational set ups even though it was developed for manufacturing areas. Implementation of Deming's 14 points, support from the supervision chain, recognition of the customers are some of the main elements for successful results. There should be teamwork spirit between students and teachers to achieve maximum efficiency.

R.O. Oduwaiye *et al.* (2012) proposes that principles of Edward Dewing can be used as basis for implementation of TQM to achieve excellence in educational institutes. Also, TQM and students performance were interrelated, Trainings of teachers is a continuous process. Human Resources, Infrastructure and other resources have an impact on Quality. These studies were Carrier out Exclusively in secondary schools in Nigeria.

In'airat, M., & Al-Kassem, A. (2014) disclose the positive Impact of TQM on the economic value as well as Objective of the institution. They reveal that implementation of TQM does lead to some changes, which will further take the institution in the direction of excellence. TQM is one of the most vital tools in the academics & learning criterion in education.

Larina (2015) in her study discusses about Impact of Total Quality Management on students of foreign university. Student Need Analysis leads to regular improvement of processes thus leading to overall improvement of the system. The International Education Systems implemented TQM postulates which are efficient tools for long-term management. TQM helps in optimization of teaching and non-teaching activities.

Pour and Yeshodhara (2009) aimed at studying the difference in perception of Secondary school teachers (Male and Female) in Mysore (India) based on their opinion on TQM. They also focused on another demographic variable of different streams within the schools and studied the variance in perceptions. It was concluded that Female teachers vary with their perception of TQM from Male teachers, being more sincere and inclined towards quality. About more than half of the teachers level of perception of TQM is of Average levels. It was also concluded that different Specialization Teachers perception doesn't vary much.

Many factors influence the Effectiveness of Implementation of TQM in higher Educational settings including Transformational leadership which has a positive influence and greater significance (Argia and Ismail, 2013) analyzed in their study on Higher Education institutions in Libya. Management of the Universities and colleges s need to adopt this Leadership style in order to remain in pace with the ever changing world.

High Employee Morale, Overall and Continuous Development, Better Coordination amongst departments are few benefits of implementing TQM in Education. Increased Levels of TQM indicators indicate Excellence and Quality Education. Zabadi, A. (2013) Studied TQM Implementation in Institutions of Jordan concludes that TOM leads to Quality Up gradation and Educational Institutes can benefit from them.

Ismail (2014) opines TQM is a predictor of School Quality and School climate. One Way ANOVA analysis resulted in concluding that the Level of School Climate is greater in High Performance School as compared to Average and Low level schools. It also approves that involvement of all human resources academic as well as management is essential for continuous improvement. Top Level Management Commitment to quality has an impact on motivation of subordinates and Resource Availability.

Militaru *et al* (2012) discusses that factors for Quality Improvement depends on overall participation of Academic and Non academic staff, Empowerment of Trained Professor in Quality domain, the climate of Quality in the institutions and the level of implementation of ISO 9000:2000 standard.

Yarahmadi and Magd (2016) concludes that the factors of TQM namely Learning, Realism, Continuous Improvement, Collaboration, Customer focus, Benchmarking and Commitment can improve the success rate of Higher Education Institutions and thus enhance the quality. For this, everyone in the institute the academic as well as the support staff should be involved and is encouraged in executing quality management. The environment of the institution should be compatible with the targeted modifications towards TQM helps in continuously improving the knowledge of the students by continuous learning. In other hand to ensure the effectiveness of quality management practices, every stakeholder in the organization should be committed to the work and involved and empowered. The adequate training and workshops programs must be provided to ensure that there is an efficient and effective work quality system. The concept of teamwork should be developed and encouraged by the management and there should be a ground for the continuous improvement.

Rajni *et al (2016)* proposes that introduction of TQM can be done in separate departments rather that applying it to the over all institution at one go. Effectiveness of TQM can be seen as a reflection of Increased worker morale, higher cooperation among units, client's perception of improved quality and regular development of everyone who is an element of Education Institution.

Zakuan et al. (2012) declares the benefits of TQM Implementation on higher educational institution include creation of economic value, achieving excellence and first-rate effect on objective of the establishment. They also suggest due to inability of institution to fully adopt and implement TQM effectively they are unable to benefit themselves completely.

Rajni Bhalla (2012) states the role of bodies like BCI, UGC, and QCI etc in the progress from different perspective of Higher Education Management in India. She further proposes that TQM is what is required for standardizing and maintaining a position in the Modern Times. Also, Improvement in Curriculum, Departments, Methodology and Course are necessary to install TQM in higher Institutions.

Sofiyabadi and Firozabad (2017) highlights that the continuous improvement in knowledge, Competencies, teaching and evaluation methodology is the need for enhancing the quality of academic programs in any Educational Institution. Student Need Analysis, Stakeholder Need Analysis and developing Collaborative Associations are other important factors for successful TQM implementation.

Mat Jani, H. (2012) emphasizes on Effectiveness in terms of Cost and Improvement in Learning. In his study he stretches on the need and importance of Intellectual capacity building in educational settings. He has proposed a model using Case based learning which would helpful in attaining the goals and objectives of the Educational Institutions.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

The purpose of the research is to analyze and examine the impact of Total quality management on various Educational Institution and to find out how these two elements are integrated with each other in the

development of quality culture and how they add value. The data used for the research is secondary data. A detailed analysis has been done of the Literature.

SYNTHESIS FROM LITERATURE REVIEW:

This examination unveils that TOM will give a predominant effect on the organizations goal and create an incentive in enhancing the financial esteem. In spite of the fact that the requirement of TQM gets far reaching scope of change association, there are insufficiencies of endorsement of this methodology in different associations. Be that as it may, because of insufficient recognized reason, numerous foundations don't bolster TQM techniques into their association. By the by, some association and establishments as of now grasped the benefits of TQM usage on their association. Associations will just comprehend the fullpreferred standpoint of TOM through fruitful combination of different improvement exercises, every one of which centers around the key segment of the TQM theory. An association contributes different regular trait or obtains normal components of administration, which let them to perceive the genuine likelihood of TQM over some undefined time frame. Past examinations uncovered that association can enhance their administration of advanced education by stressing esteems with respect to the significance of individuals, learning and nonstop change. That is likewise what TQM thinks concentrating on the correct issue to be progressing to progress. Based on the study it can also be inferred that Educational quality is becoming progressively essential for the individuals who are associated with it either straightforwardly or in a roundabout way, and for the individuals who utilize its administrations. Access to training and quality instruction are to be viewed as commonly needy and unified needs and rights. This is principally accomplished by creating innovativeness, community and majority rule esteems, and by learning, capacities and abilities required for life. Long lasting learning for all has turned out to be one of the mainstays of improvement. Quality administration is a piece of Management for accomplishing quality objectives through arranging, checking, guaranteeing and enhancing quality. Including all individuals from the association conveys us closer to add up to quality control (Total Quality Management, TOM). The fundamental topic of TQM is participatory way to deal with address the question(s) of value in business and also in the field of instruction. Proficient Total quality administration framework in association can encourage rapidly challenge in word showcase. TQM update administration quality and nature of work in training organization as a rule. The key focuses for the change of education are logical and mechanical advancement, social changes and hierarchical changes. Instruction effectiveness and achievement don't depend just on amount however also on quality. The quality marker arrangement of instruction, and additionally the criteria identified with the quality pointers assist schools with identifying the significant territories of their exercises - their own focal points, inconveniences and improvement openings. Quality management has become a reality. So may be its again the time to look at existent Quality management models, going beyond the debates about whether quality management is or not suited to higher education, focusing less on the label and paying more attention to the content substance of such models. Furthermore this paper leads to conclude that Total Quality management not only have full potential to cover the standards but additionally they may allow Higher Education institutions to go step further, opening the possibility for them to really move towards Quality enhancement.

CONCLUSION:

The review from theoretical and empirical literatures indicates that the above issue have been widely studied. The term quality, which envelops financial, social, intellectual and social parts of education, is seen as a necessary component of the instructive procedure and its outcomes. By arranging superb instructive administrations, instructive organizations assume a critical job in the improvement of the national economy, of the general public all in all and of its individual individuals. Total quality must be accomplished by setting up an inventive association, one that is adaptable, which can modify rapidly to changes in its condition and is fit for learning. However, only a certain organizations and institutions had completely implemented it while others only adopt a portion of this theory, and yet has organization does not totally implement TQM in their organization. The recent literatures had suggested importance the critical success factors of TQM and its implementation on various sectors. Hence, the management commitment and leadership, continuous improvement, total customer satisfaction, employee involvement, training, communication and teamwork seems to be an indicator for organization to apply a structured approach system and methods and it provides impact on the organization performance. The study also concludes that the impacts on how TQM approach impacts

positively on institutions performance. In instruction results are found later on, this is the reason a long haul point of view is required, which guesses an unmistakable recognizable proof of targets and their correspondence to every one of the representatives.

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